

The Daily Gazetteer.

SATURDAY, JUNE 30, 1744.

NUMB. 322.

Yesterday arriv'd a Mail from Holland.

Moscow, June 8.

On the 3d her Imperial Majesty, dress'd in the Amazonian Uniform of the Regiment of H-mallow, went to take the Division of Hunting in the Park; on which Occasion, her Imperial Majesty was accompanied by the Grand Duke of Russia, and the Princesses of Anhalt-Zerbst, with a very numerous Train of Attendants. In the Evening, her Imperial Majesty and their Royal Highnesses sup'd at the Table of Count Radumowski, at several Tables; and the Emperor was followed by a very splendid Ball, which lasted till Morning. On the 7th her Imperial Majesty set out on her Pilgrimage for Troitz, which she performed on Foot, in the Space of three Days, as it is distant from hence nine German Leagues. The Grand Duke, and the Princesses, are to go thither in Coach. Of late abundance of Pieces of News, that have been talk'd of here as Things certain in Agitation, are now own'd to be absolutely false and groundless; such as that a Body of Troops were to be assembled in the Neighbourhood of Kiow; that a great Number of Troops were to be transported to Sweden; and that a strong Squadron will shortly put to Sea; whereas this Squadron consists only of five Men of War and eight Vessels, and will not go beyond Hochland; and many people doubt, whether it will put to Sea at all. Her Imperial Majesty proposes, shortly, to send a Minister Envoy to reside at the Court of the Emperor or of the Romans. Lord Tyrawley, and Baron Holstein, are the Foreign Ministers most consider'd at Court.

Stockholm, June 15. This Morning his Royal Highness the elected Successor to this Crown, set out, accompanied by the Senator Count de Rosen, Gen. Spence, and the two Barons de Mornec, for Gotenbourg; where he will review the Troops at present in Garrison, and then proceed on a Progress thro' the Southern Provinces of this Kingdom, so as to arrive at Carlssroon about the Middle of July. The Senator Baron Wrangle, has, it is said, obtained his Dismission, which he had so long solicited. General Keith has given publick Notice, that all who have any Demands, either on the Officers or Soldiers, in the Army under his Command, were to bring them in immediately, in order to receive Satisfaction. These Troops are to rendezvous at Nortledge, where the Gallies are actually arrived that are to transport them; and we now know for certain, that they are to be loaded near Dantzick, and are to continue their Route by Land, to the Place of their Destination.

Laus, June 20. On the 16th of this Month the Croats belonging to the Army of Prince Lobkowitz, attack'd one of the advanc'd Posts of the Spanish Army, and carried them, after an obstinate Resistance; and, at the same Time, made themselves Masters of six Pieces of Cannon. In the Evening, the Count de Gages caus'd the Croats to be attack'd with such Fury, that they were forced, not only to abandon the Posts, and fix Pieces of Cannon which they had taken, but also another Post of very great Consequence to the Austrians, with four Pieces of their own Cannon; and, at the same Time, 600 Men, amongst whom were some Officers of Distinction, were made Prisoners of War. As soon as Prince Lobkowitz had Advice of this Accident, he sent away his Baggage to St. Marino, to reach which Place, they marched all Night; and the next Day his Highness followed them with all his Army. The Governor of Rome, to avoid Accidents, ordered the Gates of the City to be shut during the whole March, and did not open them till the Guards were reinforce'd. On the 18th we had Intelligence, that Prince Lobkowitz, by this feigned Retreat, having drawn the Spaniards and Neapolitans into a Place where it was very possible to come to a fair Engagement, fac'd about, and attack'd them with so much Valour, that he regained all the Ground he had lost, and is even advanc'd a Mile nearer Velletri, than he was before. We have no exact Account of the Loss on one Side or the other; only we know it must have been very considerable, since, after the Austrians had transported such as were dangerously wounded to Marino and Castel Gondolfo, they sent to Monte Rotundo 17 Waggons full of wounded Men. The two Armies are again entrench'd, and when Prince Lobkowitz reconnoitred the Enemy on the 19th, he found every Thing in so good a Posture, that he has contented himself with cannonading them ever since. We since hear, that the Action was more considerable than was at first believed; and that the Loss on both Sides, amounts about 1200 Men.

P. S. An Express is just arrived, with an Account, that the Austrian Hussars having surprized the Town of Abruzzo, were joined by several Neapolitan Gentlemen, in the interest of the Queen of Hungary; but were attacked by General Landini, who commands at Piscara, and dislodged, with the Loss of 300 Men killed, and 400 taken Prisoners; among whom were several Neapolitans, whom the General hang'd upon the Spot.

Turin, June 20. On Thursday last arrived an Express from Genoa, with the News, that the Spaniards seem'd to be making Dispositions for quitting Onglia; and Yesterday arrived a Courier from Siorgi, which confirmed that News; and also brought Advice, that they had likewise quitted Dolce-Aqua, Pylia, Buglia, and Sopollo. The Infant Don Philip b/s, it seems, either thought it prudent, or been compelled, contrary to his own Judgment, to follow the Scheme of the Prince of Coni; that is, to abandon all the new Conquests, to repair the Varre, and to begin the whole Affair afresh, by besieging Coni and Chateau Dauphine. We do not doubt, but that this Proceeding must have created great Animosities in the Enemy's Councils; and as his Majesty sets out in a few Days, to put himself at the Head of the Forces that are to defend the Posts on the Side of Dauphine, we flatter ourselves, with the Blessing of God, that we shall meet with equal Success there.

Vienna, June 24. There have been, within these five Days, three general Councils held; the last on the 22d, to which the Ambassador from the Republik of Venice, and the British Minister, were invited. It is said to have turned upon a certain Negotiation, now upon the Carpet, for engaging the Venetians to furnish a very considerable Body of Troops, for the Queen's Service in Italy. The same Day the Pope's Nuncio had an Audience of her Majesty; since which a Report is spread, that Prince Lobkowitz has defeated the Spanish and Neapolitan Armies. The Traitor Coloni has had his Sentence of Death notified to him; but we do not hear that he has offered to make any Confession. The Marquis de Botta is conducted, by a strong Guard, to Gratz. His Affairs seem to be but in a bad Situation; and we talk now, more than ever, of concluding, speedily, a new Alliance with Russia.

Frankfort, June 2. Prince Charles of Lorraine visited lately all his advanced Posts on the Rhine; which River rising extremely high, the Imperial Army have thought fit to pass it, and are now on the same Side with the French. It is very certain, that his Imperial Majesty has lately concluded some Treaties, very advantageous to his Interest, with several Princes of Germany; but it is likewise certain, that these Princes are not obliged to act, unless the Imperialists are actually attack'd.

Hague, June 9. According to our last Letters from Flanders, the Duke de Huscourt was advanced with his Army, and a very numerous Train of Artillery, as far as the Bridge of Espierres upon the Scheld; but tho' many People here are apprehensive, that after Furnes has surrendered, the French will immediately invest Tournay, we are still of Opinion, that this is not their real Design, but that they will next besiege Neuport; and that all these Motions, on the Side of Tournay, are only intended to harass the Allies, and to prevent their attempting a Diversion. In the mean time, however, we neglect nothing requisite for the Security of that Place. The Garrison of Tournay, at this Juncture, consisting of five complete Regiments of Dutch Foot, two Troops of Horse, two Companies of Miners, fifty Cannoneers, besides several Detachments from English, Scotch, and H'moverian Regiments, a Party of Austrian Dragoons, and 40 Hussars: The Dutch Regiments of Prgtorius and Waldeck are encamped so near it, as to be able to enter the Place at Pleasure; which is provided with Ammunition, and other Necessaries, for six Months. Several Foreign Ministers have received Advice, that Prince Charles of Lorraine, having caused General Nadal to pass the Rhine, with 12000 Men, near Ketsch, which is above the Neckar, immediately reinforced him with 18000 more; while his Highness passed in the Night, between the 2d and 3d, a little below the Neckar, with his whole Army; by which he has gain'd an Opportunity of investing the City of Strasburg, and putting the French Army between two Fires; and has it also in his Power to change the whole Face of Affairs in the Netherlands. It is impossible to express the Joy this good News has occasioned; and it is not doubted, but, in a few Days, we shall learn many advantageous Consequences of so well conducted an Action.

IRELAND.

Dublin, June 23. The Parliament of this Kingdom, which stood prorogued to Tuesday the 3d of next July,

is further prorogued to Tuesday the 19th of next Februry.

Last Thursday a Man in Nicholas-street was committed to Newgate for killing his Wife (big with Child) by throwing her down Stairs, about a Week ago. The Coroner's Inquest sat on the Body, and brought in their Verdict Wilful Murder.

HOME PORTS.

Lancaster, June 24. By Letters from Nevis, of the 12th of May, we have Advice, that the Tilbury, of this Place, bound from Sal de Tulas to Barbados, and a Londoner, were taken by a Spanish Privateer, and afterwards taken by a St. Kitt's Privateer, and both brought into St. Kitts.

Bristol, June 25. This Afternoon the Master of a Coaster came to Town, and reported, that Yesterday he saw, and spoke with the Mediterranean, Capt. Clutterbuck (who sailed hence but a few Days ago for Newfoundland) off of Ilford Comb, who had taken a Ship of about 300 Tons, bound from St. Domingo to Nanzi, laden with Sugar, Coffee, &c.

Falmouth, June 25. Wind S. W. Arriv'd the Willing Mind Privateer Snow, from a Cruize.

Portsmouth, June 27. Yesterday, and this Morning, arrived within the Limits of this Port, the Rose, Marshal, the Mediterranean, Reynolds, the Snapper, Gray, the Prince Frigate, Towers, the Pegasus, Johnson, the Europa, Templar, the Dorset, Matham, and the Constitution, Cropton, all from Jamaica; with the Grifon, Haburton, from Antigua; all with Convoy from Plymouth.

Cowes, June 27. Wind S. W. This Morning sail'd to Spithead the Richard and Sarah, Alden, from London for Maryland.

Deal, June 28. This Morning his Majesty's Ship the Success sail'd on a Cruize, the Betty Tender, and Outward-bound Ships, remain as per last.

Gravesend, June 28. Paſſed by the Three Brothers, Gill, from the Matilda; and the Thomas and Mary, Hawkins, from the Francis, both from Smyrna, at Stangate Creek.

ARRIVED AT SEVERAL PORTS.

At New York, the London, Bryant, and the Penelope, Cufiak, both from London.

At Philadelphia, the Alice and Mary, Brown, from Montserrat.

At Cork, the St. Andrew, Jones, from Philadelphia.

At Scilly, the Black Patch, Tuckness, from New York; the Vernon, Couzens, and Pembroke, Herbert, both from Nevis.

At Berwick, the Milk River, Cosker, from Montserrat.

The Fleets from Hamburg and Bremen are arriv'd off of Hull.

London.

The Prince Harry, Woods, from Jamaica, is overset in Bristol Roads, and receiv'd considerable Damage.

Yesterday Messieurs Boscowen, Gough, and Stell, Super-cargoes of the Northampton, took their Leaves of the Court of Directors of the India Company.

The same Day Messieurs Brinn and Sandys, Super-cargoes of the Orford, took their respective Leaves of the said Court.

Yesterday, at One o'Clock, the Poll for Bridgemaster was thrown up by Mr. Grant; when, upon casting up the Books, the Numbers were as follows:

Mr. Mingay	1037
Mr. Grant	1645

On Monday next a new Song (set to Musick by Mr. Howard) will be sung at Ruckholt House by the Two Miss Scotts. Hummeton and Temple-Mills Turnpikes will be Toll-free.

Yesterday Morning arriv'd a Messenger at Baron W-sener's. Minister from the Queen of Hungary, with an Account, that Prince Charles of Lorraine had pass'd the Rhine with an Army of 50,000 Men.

And that another General, belonging to the Queen of Hungary, had likewise pass'd the Rhine at Philipburgh, with an Army of 30,000 Men.

The same Day a Messenger arriv'd at Prince Chernatow's, Ambassador from the Empress of Russia, who brought an Account (as we are well assured) that M. de Ch-tardie, Ambassador from France to that Court, had received Orders to depart in an Hour's time; their being a Discovery made of a Conspiracy against the Empress, which, as we are credibly informed, was done by his Excellency the Lord Tyrawley, his Majesty's Ambassador at that Court.

Yesterday was held a Board of Admiralty, when their Lordships were pleased to appoint Lieutenant Dennis, who came home in the Centurion with Commodore Anson, to be Captain of the Spence Sloop.

Extract of a Letter from Kinsale, dated June 17, 1744.

Our Harbours now begins to look as if we really were in War with France; but before, as if we were in Jeopardy. We have now here seven or eight fine Ships, and some more off the Harbour; among which are two Prizes, brought in here Yesterday, by as bold an Attempt as you ever heard of; and which, I think, deserves to be made publick. — An English Privateer, belonging to Bristol, cruising on the Spanish Coast, hap- pen'd to come up with an English Vessel from Carolina, that had been just before taken by a Spanish Privateer, and retook her with a great deal of Ease, being no Ship of Force, and but a few Spaniards on board; her, only enough to bring her into Port. All the English Sailors, but two, had been put on board the Spanish Privateer; who gave our Privateer Intelligence, that the Privateer who took them, had also taken two other large Vessels belonging to Bristol; one from the West Indies, with Sugar and Rum; the other from the Coast of Guinea, very richly laden; and that the Spaniards had taken the Guinea Man's Cargo out, and put it on board the West-India Man; and that she then lay with both Cargoes on board, in a little Harbour near Cape Finister, under the Protection of a small Fort which mounted about 20 Guns. They then consulted together on board the Privateer, whether there was a Possibility of getting her out; but the Captain's Opinion was, it would be Madness to attempt so rash an Undertaking. However, the Lieutenant told him, that if he would give him but ten Men, and the Longboat, he would engage his Life, that before next Morning he would make himself Master of that Prize. The Captain complied with his Desire; and in the Night, about 11 o'Clock, they enter'd the Harbour, rowed up alongside the Prize, and jumped on board, while the poor Spaniards were carousing for Joy of their imaginary Fortunes; which put them into such a Surprise, that some cried out for Quarter, while others jumped out of the Cabin Windows into the Sea; by which our Sailors remained Masters of the Prize, immediately slipp'd the Cables, and, the Wind favouring, gently passed the Fort, without disturbing them out of their Sleep; and now they lie here as safe as their Hearts can wish, and have made such buzzing, and firing of Guns, that one would imagine the Town was besieged. When our Sailors came on board, the Spaniards were 60 in Number; but several jumped into their Longboat, and run ashore; the rest are here. Their Cargo is Rum and Sugar from the West Indies; and from Guinea, ten Ton of Elephants Teeth, 20 Ton of Indigo, 20 Ton of Logwood, and other Dying Stuff, and a vast deal of Cochineal, and some Gold Dust.

Extract of another Letter from the same Place, of the same Date.

Yesterday arrived here the Dursley Galley, late of Bristol, laden with Rum, Sugar, and Elephants Teeth; and the —, late of Carolina, laden with Rice, &c. both Prizes taken by the Vulture Privateer of Bristol, of 16 Guns and 150 Men. They had both been taken by the Spaniards, and were in their Possession about 15 Days. The former lay in a little Harbour 3 Leagues East of Cape Finister, under a Battery of 28 Guns. The Vulture sent in her Longboat with 16 Hands, who rowed up easy under the Battery, and got up undiscerned; then boarded, surprized them, cut her Cables, and brought her off. There were some Pistols fired, but no Man hurt on either Side. In the midst of the Hurry, the Spanish Captain, and several of his Crew, jumped out of the Cabin Windows, and carried off Gold Dust, &c. to a considerable Value, as they say. The Spaniards had 50 Men on board when attacked by those 16. The Vulture sunk a French Ship, after a Smart Engagement, and run another ashore; where she fell to Pieces, and the Vulture's People got but very little out of her. These two Prizes parted 15 Days ago from the Vulture, and had Orders to proceed Homewards, and left her in Charge of two large Ships.

Yesterday Twenty Prisoners were tried at the Old Bailey, one of whom was capitally Convicted; viz.

James Gilliland, who kept a Shop-Shop and Publick-House in St. Katherine's, on the Evidence of Francis Sherriff and Mary Ogden, for uttering and publishing a forged and counterfeit Will, for the true Will of one Robert Callaway, knowing it to be forg'd, &c.

Twelve were cast for Transportation; one of whom was John Johnson, a noted Receiver of Stolen Goods in Rosemary-lane. And

Seven Acquitted.

High Water this Day ? Morning Evening
at London-Bridges 5 03 19 03 34

Bank Stock, 144. India, 178. South Sea, 108. Old Annuity, 111. New ditto, 111. Three per Cent. 93. Ditto 1743, 92 3/4ths to 93. Ditto 1744, 91 1/2. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 77. London Assurance 11. India Bonds 21. 4s. Prem. Bank Circulation, 5 1. 2s. 6d. Prem. Six Tallies, Nothing done. Three 1/2 per Cent. Exchequer Orders, Nothing done. Three per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Milion Bank, 115. Equivalent, 110. Tickets, 10 1. 18s. 6d.

African-House, May 3, 1744.

THE Royal African Company of England having Occasion for Gunners, Soldiers, and also Artificers, such as Smiths, Carpenters, Coopers, Masons, Bricklayers, and Armourers, for their Forts and Settlements in Africa: This is to give Notice, That such Persons that are willing to enter into the Company's Service, will receive all due Encouragement; and may be informed of the Terms and Conditions thereof, on making Enquiry at the African House in Leadenhall Street.

By Order of the Court of Assistants,

R. Spence, Secretary.

This Day at Noon will be Publish'd,

By AUTHORITY,

ARELATION received from Prince CHARLES of LORRAIN, of the PASSAGE of his Whole Army over the RHINE on the 1st, 2d, and 3d of July, N. S. As also some other Important Advices from MOSCOVY and from ITALY.

Printed for E. Owen, in Amen-Corner.

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This Day is Publish'd,

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THIS Medicine restrains, in a most surprizing Manner, all internal as well as external Hemorrhages, i. e. it infallibly and quickly stops all dangerous Bleeding at the Nose or Gums, spitting or vomiting Blood; also the immoderate Flux of the Hemorrhoids or Menstru; bloody Urine or Stools, bleeding of large Wounds, &c. (if used according to the plain Directions given with it) as will appear by the Certificates of several Eminent Physicians, and in the large Account of this Medicine, written by the Doctor himself, and dedicated to the College of Physicians a little before his Death.

It keeps good for many Years, at Sea or on Shore, in all Climates; therefore must be universally Useful.

The Doctor not only obtaining his Majesty's Letters Patent for the sole Vending of this most Excellent Medicine; but also a Clause in a late Act of Parliament, exempting this Medicine from the Inspection of the Censors of the College of Physicians, to which all other Medicines are liable.

N. B. The late Learned Dr. CHEVNE, in his Excellent Piece, entitled The Natural Method of curing the Diseases of the Body, &c. prefers Eaton's STYPTICK to Helvetius' and other Stypticks; and speaks of it as follows: — 'Every one knows the agglutinating Quality of sweet Blood, and I apprehend it is to this, that Eaton's Styptick owes its soft, mild, soldering Efficacy. — It is more mild, substantial and soft, than the mildest Steel Preparations, and more fit to patch a Hole, or glue up a Rupture, or to give a Balsam to the acrid and inflam'd flowing Blood of the Patient. He says, he is confirmed in this by a Physician of great Worth and Candor, who has great Opportunities of dealing in such Cases, by his Practice in Midwifery. See p. 182.'

This Day is Publish'd,
NUMBER XVIII and XIX,
And next Saturday will be Publish'd NUMBER XX,
and XXI.

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N. B. In Number XXI. will begin the Travels of Max

Baumgarten, a Noble man of Germany, through Egypt, of the

particular Adventures he had the

success of all his Travels, to deposit

having Mistrust.

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